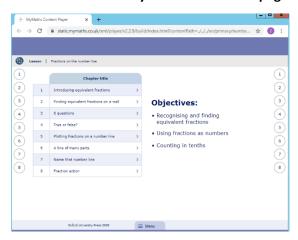
## Senses for description

It feels I<sub>†</sub> I<sub>†</sub> I<sub>†</sub> I<sub>†</sub> looks... smells... sounds... tastes... 0 0 fresh loud prickly dark sweet smooth shiny delicious noisy sour rough long bitter quiet bitter crunchy soft skinny silent rotten salty hard salty squeaky fat chewy silky thin smoky creaky dry thick melodic small sour large fizzy juicy sticky spicy speckled shrill hot heavy stale deafening light light fizzy stinky tasteless bumpy bright sweet faint smelly delicious dotted spiky

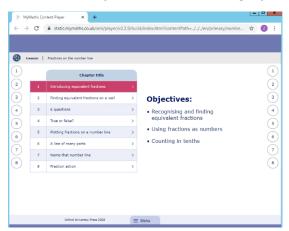
## **Maths Guidance**

https://static.mymaths.co.uk/xml/player/v2.2.9/build/index.html?contentPath=../../en/primary/number/fractions/primary nc year3 fractions on the number line lesson

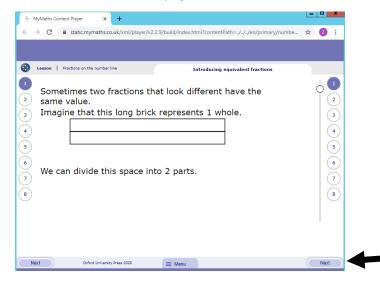
Click on this link and you should see this page:



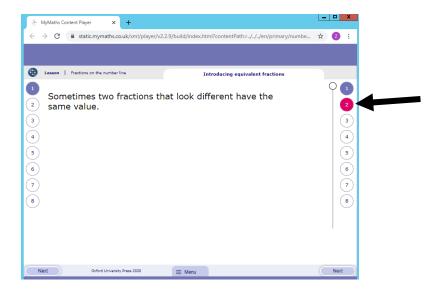
Click on the chapter title 1 'introducing equivalent fractions'



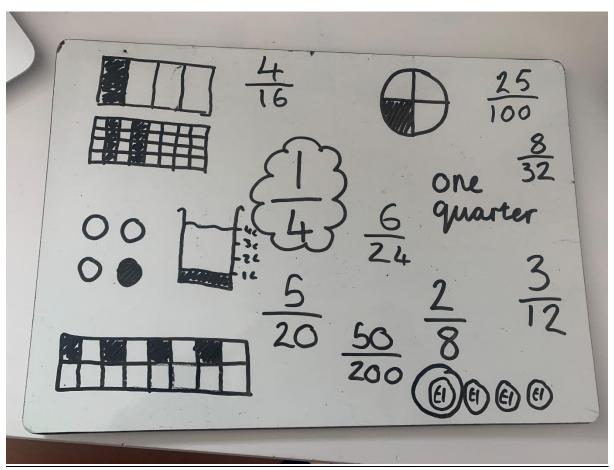
You should then see this page. Use the next button to move through the lesson.



When you reach the end of the first session click on the number 2 along the right hand side of the page. Then use the next button to work through this part of the lesson.



## Poster example:



## **Stem sentences:**

'A fraction is any part of a whole group, number or whole'

 $\frac{1}{5}$  'The whole is divided into 5 equal parts. Each part is one fifth of the whole. I have 1 equal part.'

'The denominator (bottom number) tells us how many parts the whole is divided into'

'The numerator (top number) tells us how many parts we have or are looking at'

Miss Brown's Favourite maths fact: The line part of the fraction is called the vinculum

(or you can just call it the fraction bar)